

GRADE POINT AVERAGE DEFICIT POINTS

Grade Point Average Deficit Points provide a numerical measure of how far a student is from achieving or exceeding the required GPA of 2.00.

- A **positive value** for deficit points indicates performance **above** the 2.00 minimum standard.
- A **negative value** reflects a **deficit**, meaning the student's cumulative GPA is below 2.00.

Grade Point Average Deficit Points are defined as **Total GPA Points - (2.00 × GPA Credits)**. Where:

- **Total GPA Points** = Sum of (Grade Points × Credit Hours) for all courses.
- **GPA Credits** = Total number of credit hours attempted that count toward the GPA.

Example Calculations:

Example 1: No Deficit

- GPA Credits: 30
- Total GPA Points: 60 (equivalent to a 2.00 GPA)
- Deficit Points = $60 - (2.00 \times 30) = 0$
 - The student meets the minimum GPA requirement and has no deficit.

Example 2: GPA Deficit

- GPA Credits: 30
- Total GPA Points: 50 (equivalent to a 1.67 GPA)
- Deficit Points = $50 - (2.00 \times 30) = -10$
 - The student has a deficit of **10 GPA points** and is below the required GPA.

Example 3: GPA Surplus

- GPA Credits: 30
- Total GPA Points: 70 (equivalent to a 2.33 GPA)
- Deficit Points = $70 - (2.00 \times 30) = +10$
 - The student exceeds the minimum GPA and has a **surplus** of 10 points.